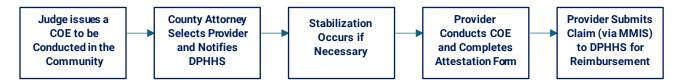


NTI Description and Purpose

There are currently very few options for performing court-ordered forensic fitness evaluations (COEs) in the State of Montana, with most conducted by one psychiatrist at the Montana State Hospital Forensic Mental Health Facility (FMHF, also known as Galen). The lack of options to conduct COEs locally (in part driven by the lack of available state funding), the limited number of beds at FMHF, and the lack of additional psychiatrists to process fitness evaluations, treatment, and restoration to fitness, have created a backlog of ordered yet uncompleted evaluations.

To address this problem, the Behavioral Health System for Future Generations (BHSFG) Commission approved a Near-Term Initiative (NTI) to make \$7.5M of HB 872 funding available to compensate providers of local, community-based COEs and related stabilization services. Delivering COEs and stabilization services in the community should help to reduce the waitlist for evaluations at Galen and alleviate the pressure on the facility and its staff.

Summary of COE and Stabilization Process Under The NTI



Steps in the Judicial System

The COE process begins when a judge decides whether a COE will be conducted at FMHF or within a community setting. If a judge specifies that a COE can be completed locally, a court official will notify the relevant County Attorney's office of a pending community-based COE. The County Attorney's office will then notify DPHHS that a COE is happening by completing a notification form (based on Microsoft Forms) that DPHHS makes available online. This notification form captures all the information that DPHHS will later need to ensure providers are compensated for performing COEs.

Steps in the Community

After notifying DPHHS, the County Attorney's office reviews, selects, and notifies the provider they would like to complete the COE. The provider then receives all paperwork related to the defendant that they need to complete the COE. This includes the defendant's medical history as well as information relating to their charges. The provider will then coordinate with the judge and/or County Attorney to schedule the evaluation. These community-based COEs can occur in jails, the provider's office, in private hospitals, other community-settings, or via telehealth.

Prior to the COE, the judge, County Attorney and the provider determine if the defendant requires stabilization. The nature of the stabilization can vary based on the defendant's unique circumstances. Given this, stabilization could occur in a community setting, the justice system, or in some instances, at FMHF. DPHHS maintains a list of CPT codes for reimbursable community-based stabilization services to compensate providers who can stabilize defendants in community settings (see table below).

After a defendant is stabilized, or if they never required stabilization services, the provider performs the COE and submits their findings to the court. Following this, the County Attorney notifies DPHHS of a



completed COE by completing an attestation form (as with the notification form, this is based on Microsoft Forms) that DPHHS makes available online. Upon completion of the attestation form, the provider can then bill DPHHS.

Upon completion of the COE, the court will then hold a hearing to determine the defendant's fitness to proceed to trial. If the defendant is found fit, the trial can proceed. If the defendant is found unfit, the filing can be contested by the prosecutor and/or the defendant's counsel. If the court changes course and finds the defendant fit to proceed, the trial will move forward; otherwise, the defendant will be committed to FMHF where they will need to be restored. If the filing was never contested, a defendant found unfit will then be committed to FMHF for restoration.

Restoration Process

The services required to restore a defendant can vary significantly in scope. While many of these services require commitment to FMHF, DPHHS has defined a list of reimbursable community-based restoration services and has identified their related CPT codes (see table below). This will allow restoration to occur in non-FMHF settings if the specific nature of a defendant's needs can be met in the community.

If the defendant can be restored within the statutory time limits, the judge who issued the COE will then issue a new COE, effectively restarting the entire forensic fitness evaluation process. If a defendant cannot be restored within the defined time limits, they will be committed to FMHF.

Billing Process

DPHHS will use Montana's MMIS to reimburse providers who conduct COEs and/or provide stabilization or restoration services in the community. To use MMIS, the department will need all providers and defendants undergoing COEs to enroll in the MMIS system. To accomplish this, DPHHS designed the notification form to collect all information needed to enroll defendants in MMIS (a task performed by DPHHS staff) and will conduct provider outreach to ensure providers are enrolled in Medicaid.

The department has also identified allowable CPT codes that correspond with reimbursable stabilization and restoration services (table below). This will ensure MMIS can be an efficient tool to reimburse providers for their reimbursable services.

Supporting Information and Process Map

An overview of enrolling in MMIS can be found here.

An overview of how to perform billing via MMIS can be found here.

Additional supporting information begins on the following page.



Notification Form

* Required	
1. Date of Court Order (MM/DD/YYYY) *	
Enter your answer	
2. Patient First Name *	
Enter your answer	
3. Patient Last Name *	
Enter your answer	
4. Patient Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY) *	
Enter your answer	
5. Patient Social Security Number (SSN) *	
Enter your answer	
6. Patient's Gender *	
Male	
Female	
Unknown	
7. Patient Race *	
○ WHITE	
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN	
AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE	
HISPANIC	
ASIAN	
NATIVE HAWAIIAN OR OTHER PACIFIC ISLANDER	
Other	



8. Does the patient require stabilization and/or restoration services? *
○ Yes
○ No
Patient Physical Address * Enter your answer
Errier your answer
10. Name of County *
Select your answer
11. Name of Person Submitting Form (First and Last) *
Enter your answer
12. Provider conducting COE ★
Select your answer
13. Does this COE Include Evaluating Fitness at the Time of the Crime?*
O No
14. Provider Conducting Restoration and/or Stabilization Services *
Select your answer
15. County Attorney Name (First and Last) *
Enter your answer
16. County Attorney office's phone number *
Enter your answer
47
17. County Attorney office's email address * Enter your answer
Line Jule dismo.
18. Alleged Charges Against Patient *
Enter your answer
Submit



Attestation Form

* Required	
1. Date of Completed COE (MM/DD/YY	YY) *
Enter your answer	
2. Name of Patient (First and Last) *	
Enter your answer	
3. Name of County *	
Select your answer	~
4. Name of Person Submitting Form (Fi	rst and Last) *
Enter your answer	
5. Role of Person Submitting Form *	
Enter your answer	
6. Provider that Conducted COE *	
Select your answer	~
identified defendant, in accordance vappropriate manner on the date spec	s form completed a court-ordered evaluation for the with the court order and Montana code, and in a timely and cified above. *
○ No	
Submit	



Process Map

The community-based COE and stabilization process described above is visualized in the figure below.

