

You've been diagnosed with COVID-19 illness. Here's what you can do now:

Stay home – You will be asked to isolate yourself from others. This is to prevent the spread of COVID-19 to others. Your local public health department should let you know when you are cleared to return to your normal routines. [Here is the CDC's recommendations for isolation.](#) Remember that your local public health department may have more requirements.

Keep hydrated, rest, listen to your body – Make sure you drink plenty of fluids, including water, juice, and broth. Rest often, you will feel more tired than usual. Over-the-counter medications, such as acetaminophen, can help reduce your fever and manage your symptoms, provided you don't have a health history that prevents you from using them.

Wear a mask when around others – This is important to prevent spreading COVID-19 to other members of your household. As much as possible, stay in a specific room and away from other people and pets in your home. If possible, you should use a separate bathroom. Please only leave your house if you are seeking medical treatment.

Keep in touch with your doctor – Please let your primary care physician know that you've been diagnosed with COVID-19. They may check in with you during your illness to monitor how you're doing at home. COVID-19 treatments are available for certain people at high risk for progression to severe disease. These medications must be administered early in the course of illness, so it is important to let your provider know you have tested positive and have symptoms. If you are eligible, a doctor's order is required to access these treatments. [Here is the CDC's list of possible treatments for those with COVID-19.](#)

Common Questions about COVID-19

Are there medications I can take to help feel better?

You may use over-the-counter medications, such as acetaminophen, to help you feel better. You may also be eligible for a COVID-19 therapeutic such as monoclonal antibodies or antiviral medications. You should talk to your physician or healthcare provider early in the course of illness to see if you are a candidate for these treatments. [You can learn more about COVID-19 Therapeutics in Montana here.](#)

What if I'm feeling worse?

Keep in contact with your primary care physician or healthcare provider. Most people with COVID-19 can be managed safely at home. If you start feeling worse or are concerned about your symptoms, do not hesitate to reach out to your healthcare provider. If you have any of the following emergency warning signs, you should seek emergency medical care immediately:

Seek medical care immediately if someone has **Emergency Warning Signs of COVID-19**

- Trouble breathing
- Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
- New confusion
- Inability to wake or stay awake
- Pale, grey, or blue-colored skin, lips, or nail beds, depending on skin tone

Links you may find helpful:

[CDC – What to Do if You Are Sick](#)

[Symptoms of COVID-19 including Emergency Warning Signs](#)

[10 Things You Can Do to Manage COVID-19 at Home \(CDC\)](#) – video

[10 Things You Can Do to Manage Your COVID-19 Symptoms at Home](#) – handout



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