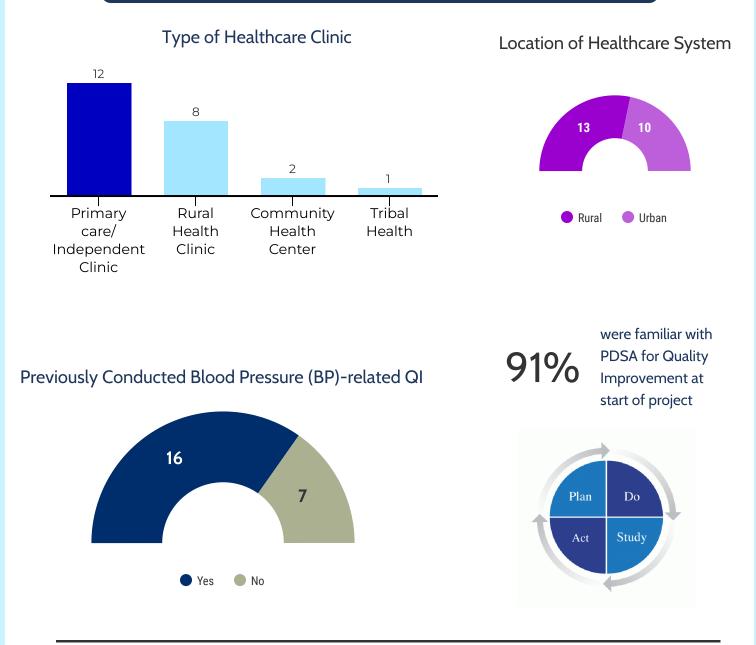


Conducting Blood Pressure Quality Improvement, Years 1–5

Project Goal: Use the Plan-Do-Study-Act (PDSA) quality improvement process to improve a blood pressure-related health outcome for clinic patients.



Clinic Characteristics Among 23 Participating Facilities





Type of QI Strategies

- Develop standardized protocols/practices
 - Hypertension protocol
 - Blood pressure (BP) re-checks
- Implement self-measured blood pressure (SMBP) monitoring
- Implement Care Management
- Use Electronic Health Record (EHR) data and data analytics







- Patient identification
- Add BP control to dashboard
- Clinical decision support (e.g., reminder system)
- Improve follow-up with elevated BPs
- Utilize American Heart Association MAP* Framework
- Increase pharmacist referrals
- Enhance standardize workflow
 - Schedule patient follow-up visits
 - Referrals (e.g., pharmacist, care management, etc.)
 - Establish goals
- Offer staff training/education
 - Accurate BP measurement
- Offer patient training/education
 - Life style
 - Accurate home BP measurement
 - Medication management
 - Physical activity

*MAP - Measure accurately, Act rapidly, and Partner with Patients



Facilitators

- Physician Champion
- Dedicated staff
- Management/provider/staff buy-in and engagement
- Standardized protocols and training
- Leadership support
- Hypertension as a priority
- Use of data and data analytics (e.g., Dashboard, code to bill BP education and SMBP)
- Communication
- Being proactive
- Resources and templates
- Willingness/Desire of staff to identify/overcome IT limitations



Created: 10/15/2020 Revised: 8/23/23

PUBLIC HEALTH &This publication was supported by the Cooperative Agreement Number CDC-RFA-DP18-1815PPHF18 from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.



Conducting Healthcare Quality Improvement, Years 1–5, continued

Sustainability

- Make SMBP a standard of care
- Implement population health model to identify care gaps
- Keep hypertension a priority
- Include hypertension on quality measure dashboard
- Offer BP re-checks an continue messaging staff about BP re-checks
- Increase referrals (e.g., pharmacist, care management, etc.)
- Offer BP walk-in clinic
- Implement and continue Care Management
- Use reimbursable services
- Combine efforts with community partners
- Continue to monitor quality measures
- Incentivize higher performing care teams

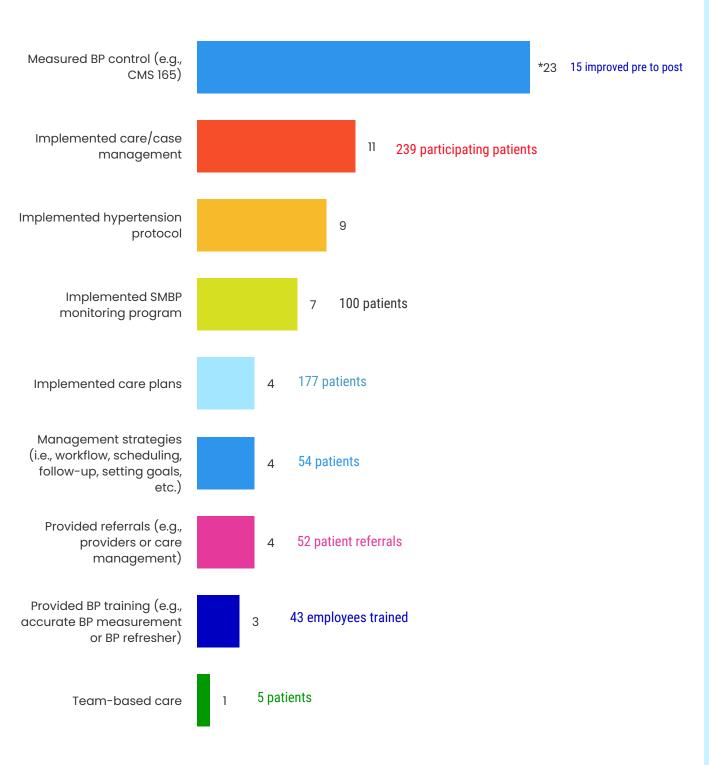
Barriers

- COVID-19 (e.g., staffing shortage)
- Provider buy-in
- Consensus of blood pressure (BP) targets and protocols
- Competing priorities
- Provider/staff unfamiliar with all available programs (e.g., SMBP, Chronic Care Model, etc.)
- Electronic health record (EHR) technical issuesabstracting data/reports
- Poor attendance and inconsistent scheduling of patient follow-up appointments
- Medication stops/changes not communicated on discharge
- Steadily increasing referrals/enrollment in SMBP program as facility scales up project
- Staff non-compliance with BP re-checks.





Results - 23 Participating Clinics



*22 of 23 clinics were able to obtain pre-/post-data.